- (e) Credit exposure of subsidiaries. In calculating credit exposure to a correspondent under this part, a bank shall include credit exposure to the correspondent of any entity that the bank is required to consolidate on its Report of Condition and Income or Thrift Financial Report.
 - (f) Definitions. As used in this section:
- (1) Government securities means obligations of, or obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the United States government or any department, agency, bureau, board, commission, or establishment of the United States, or any corporation wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the United States.
- (2) Readily marketable collateral means financial instruments or bullion that may be sold in ordinary circumstances with reasonable promptness at a fair market value determined by quotations based on actual transactions on an auction or a similarly available daily bid-ask-price market.
 - (3)(i) Quality asset means an asset:
- (A) That is not in a nonaccrual status;
- (B) On which principal or interest is not more than thirty days past due; and
- (C) Whose terms have not been renegotiated or compromised due to the deteriorating financial conditions of the additional obligor.
- (ii) An asset is not considered a "quality asset" if any other loans to the primary obligor on the asset have been classified as "substandard," "doubtful," or "loss," or treated as "other loans specially mentioned" in the most recent report of examination or inspection of the bank or an affiliate prepared by either a federal or a state supervisory agency.

§ 206.5 Capital levels of correspondents.

(a) Adequately capitalized correspondents. 1 For the purpose of this part, a

- correspondent is considered adequately capitalized if the correspondent has:
- (1) A total risk-based capital ratio, as defined in paragraph (e)(1) of this section, of 8.0 percent or greater;
- (2) A Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio, as defined in paragraph (e)(2) of this section, of 4.0 percent or greater; and
- (3) A leverage ratio, as defined in paragraph (e)(3) of this section, of 4.0 percent or greater.
- (b) Frequency of monitoring capital levels. A bank shall obtain information to demonstrate that a correspondent is at least adequately capitalized on a quarterly basis, either from the most recently available Report of Condition and Income. Thrift Financial Report. financial statement, or bank rating report for the correspondent. For a foreign bank correspondent for which quarterly financial statements or reports are not available, a bank shall obtain such information on as frequent a basis as such information is available. Information obtained directly from a correspondent for the purpose of this section should be based on the most recently available Report of Condition and Income, Thrift Financial Report, or financial statement of the correspondent.
- (c) Foreign banks. A correspondent that is a foreign bank may be considered adequately capitalized under this section without regard to the minimum leverage ratio required under paragraph (a)(3) of this section.
- (d) Reliance on information. A bank may rely on information as to the capital levels of a correspondent obtained from the correspondent, a bank rating agency, or other party that it reasonably believes to be accurate.
- (e) *Definitions*. For the purposes of this section:
- (1) Total risk-based capital ratio means the ratio of qualifying total capital to weighted risk assets.
- (2) Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio means the ratio of Tier 1 capital to weighted risk assets.
- (3) Leverage ratio means the ratio of Tier 1 capital to average total consolidated assets, as calculated in accordance with the capital adequacy guidelines of the correspondent's primary federal supervisor.

 $^{^{1}}$ As used in this part, the term "adequately capitalized" is similar but not identical to the definition of that term as used for the purposes of the prompt corrective action standards. See, e.g. 12 CFR part 208, subpart B.

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- (f) Calculation of capital ratios. (i) For a correspondent that is a U.S. depository institution, the ratios shall be calculated in accordance with the capital adequacy guidelines of the correspondent's primary federal supervisor.
- (ii) For a correspondent that is a foreign bank organized in a country that has adopted the risk-based framework of the Basle Capital Accord, the ratios shall be calculated in accordance with the capital adequacy guidelines of the appropriate supervisory authority of the country in which the correspondent is chartered.
- (iii) For a correspondent that is a foreign bank organized in a country that has not adopted the risk-based framework of the Basle Capital Accord, the ratios shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Basle Capital Accord.

§206.6 Waiver.

The Board may waive the application of §206.4(a) of this part to a bank if the primary Federal supervisor of the bank advises the Board that the bank is not reasonably able to obtain necessary services, including payment-related services and placement of funds, without incurring exposure to a correspondent in excess of the otherwise applicable limit.

$\S 206.7$ Transition provisions.

- (a) Beginning on June 19, 1993, a bank shall comply with the prudential standards prescribed under §206.3 of this part.
- (b) Beginning on June 19, 1994, a bank shall comply with the limit on credit exposure to an individual correspondent required under §206.4(a) of this part, but for a period of one year after this date the limit shall be 50 percent of the bank's total capital.

PART 207—DISCLOSURE AND RE-PORTING OF CRA-RELATED AGREEMENTS (REGULATION G)

Sec.

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AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1831v.

SOURCE: Reg. G, 66 FR 2092, Jan. 10, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

§ 207.1 Purpose and scope of this part.

- (a) General. This part implements section 711 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (12 U.S.C. 1831y). That section requires any nongovernmental entity or person, insured depository institution, or affiliate of an insured depository institution that enters into a covered agreement to—
- (1) Make the covered agreement available to the public and the appropriate Federal banking agency; and
- (2) File an annual report with the appropriate Federal banking agency concerning the covered agreement.
- (b) Scope of this part. The provisions of this part apply to—
- (1) State member banks and their subsidiaries;
 - (2) Bank holding companies;
- (3) Affiliates of bank holding companies, other than banks, savings associations and subsidiaries of banks and savings associations; and
- (4) Nongovernmental entities or persons that enter into covered agreements with any company listed in paragraph (b)(1) through (3) of this section.
- (c) Relation to Community Reinvestment Act. This part does not affect in any way the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977 (12 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.), the Board's Regulation BB (12 CFR part 228), or the Board's interpretations or administration of that Act or regulation.
- (d) Examples.—(1) The examples in this part are not exclusive. Compliance with an example, to the extent applicable, constitutes compliance with this part.
- (2) Examples in a paragraph illustrate only the issue described in the paragraph and do not illustrate any other issues that may arise in this part.